2. It has been brought to the notice of Government that separate sales of Minor Forest Produce and Village Amarayi present difficulties in practical working and that separate leases are not also likely to fetch proper prices. It has, therefore, been suggested by the Revenue Commissioner and the Chief Conservator that both these sales might be combined and held by a single agency and that, as the Forest Department has control over the bulk of the Minor Forest Produce, it would be an advantage to entrust the work to that Department.

3. In view of the practical difficulties involved in the present practice relating to these sales, Government are pleased to direct that the arrangement proposed by the Chief Conservator and the Revenue Commissioner, namely, that both Minor Forest Produce and Village Amarayi be disposed of together by the Forest Department, be given a trial tentatively for a period of two years in two Districts—one Maidan and one Malnad.

4. As regards the division of the total revenue of the combined sales of Village Amarayi and Minor Forest Produce between the Forest and Revenue Departments, Government are pleased to direct that the average realisations of the Forest and Revenue Departments from Minor Forest Produce and Village Amarayi, during the last three years, may be calculated and the future combined revenue divided in that proportion and credit afforded to the two Departments as the collections are made.

5. The responsibility not only for auctioning the right to the several products but also for effecting recoveries should rest with the Forest Department according to the system agreed to by the Chief Conservator and the Revenue Commissioner.

6. The Revenue from Minor Forest Produce other than tanning barks is not now separately shown in the accounts and estimates of the Forest Department. This separation will be necessary under the arrangement now sanctioned and a separate head of account for showing the revenue from Minor Forest Produce other than the income from Tangadi and Kakke Barks should be opened.

7. As both the Forest and Revenue Departments will be interested in the sales of the combined lease, responsible representatives of both the Departments should be required to conduct the auction.

8. The Chief Conservator is requested to report in consultation with the Revenue Commissioner which two Districts should be selected for the introduction of the new system. He should also report at the end of two years how the new arrangement now ordered works.

R. RANGA RAO,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

Report on Vaccination in the State and of the Vaccine Institute, Bangalore, during the Calendar year 1928.

READ—

Report on Vaccination in the State and of the Vaccine Institute, Bangalore, received from the Sanitary Commissioner in Mysore, with his letter No. Per. Y. 16, dated the 10th August 1929.

ORDER NO. G. 5256-76—SANY. 94-28-8, DATED 22ND OCTOBER 1929.

Recorded.

2. There was a delay of more than three months in the submission of the report. Such delays should be avoided.

3. *Number of vaccinations performed.*—There were 190 Vaccinators in the State against 168 during 1927. The total number of vaccinations performed by them was 199,524 against 124,627 during 1927 showing an increase of 74,897. Of these, the number of vaccinations performed in rural areas was 1,45,138 as compared with 93,322 during 1927. The largest increase, *viz.*, 26,273 was in the Mysore District. This was due to a widespread outbreak of small-pox in some of the Taluks of the

District during the year. The average number of vaccinations performed by each Vaccinator was 1,002 against 681 during 1927. Special attention continued to be paid to vaccinations of Adikarnatakas and Adidravidas and the total number of vaccinations performed among these in all the Districts except Kolar and Tumkur was 14,089 against 7,364 during the previous year.

4. *Small-pox.*—The total number of deaths from small-pox was 4,571 against 531 in 1927 giving a ratio of 0·77 against 0·09 during the previous year per mille of population. The largest number of deaths, *viz.*, 2,794 occurred in the Mysore District.

5. *Inspections.*—The total number of vaccination cases inspected by the District Sanitary Officers and the Taluk Sanitary Inspectors amounted to 11,006 and 42,146, respectively.

6. *Compulsory Vaccination.*—Compulsory vaccination remained in force in all the Municipalities in the State and in the area under the administration of the Kolar Gold Field Sanitary Board. The question of enforcing vaccination throughout the State is engaging the consideration of Government. The attention of all the Municipal Councils is invited to the Sanitary Commissioner's remarks that " in order to facilitate the application of the provision of the Vaccination Regulation, it is necessary to maintain an up-to-date *Vaccination State Register.*"

7. *Cost of the Department.*—The total cost of the Department excluding the Vaccine Institute, was Rs. 57,910-1-5 against Rs. 42,755-14-0 during 1927.

8. *Vaccine Institute.*—During the year under review, 473 calves were successfully vaccinated and yielded 42,847 grains of pulp equivalent to 428,470 cases. The quantity of vaccine issued was equivalent to 285,230 cases including 31,945 cases issued outside the State. The cost of vaccine supplied was one anna and six pies per case against one anna and two pies during 1927. The income and expenditure during the year were Rs. 25,183-9-0 and Rs. 25,669-7-0 respectively showing an excess of expenditure by Rs. 485-14-0. The increased expenditure during the year was due to a sum of Rs. 7,507-8-0 having been incurred for the improvement and better equipment of the Institute. The amount outstanding on account of the supply of vaccine lymph was Rs. 41,092-15-5. The attention of the Sanitary Commissioner is invited to Government letter No. G. 1664—Sany. 63-26-29, dated the 6th August 1929 in the matter of outstandings and he is requested to arrange to get timely information as to the actual payments of money by Municipalities and others into the Treasury.

9. *General.*—Twenty four candidates for Vaccinator's appointments, two Midwives and five pupil compounders were given training in vaccination in the Vaccine Institute. During the year Mr. J. A. Isvara Murthi, Superintendent in charge of the Vaccine Institute, was deputed to the King Institute of Preventive Medicine, Guindy, Madras, to study the system of lymph production there, and as a result of his recommendations, Government have sanctioned certain proposals for the manufacture of improved vaccine lymph.

10. The working of the Department was on the whole satisfactory and showed increased activities on all sides.

R. RANGA RAO,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*

Statement of Dismissals.

ORDER NO. G. 5019-70—G. M. 3-28-75, DATED 8TH OCTOBER 1929.

The accompanying consolidated statement showing the names, designation and other particulars of Government servants dismissed from service during the half-year ending 30th June 1928 is forwarded to the Heads of Departments and Deputy Commissioners of Districts for information and guidance.

R. RANGA RAO,
Offg. *Chief Secretary to Government.*